# The SBC Flow Chart Checklist

## PHASE 1: DEFINE & UNDERSTAND THE PROBLEM The Define Phase establishes the foundational understanding of the problem and context from two perspectives: the existing knowledge and published literature and the new, shared knowledge of lived experiences in households, communities, health systems, and the political environment. Mark "yes," "partial," or "no" below to indicate whether the best practice has been followed. Use the "comments" section to verify the response or to suggest adjustments Yes Partial **Comments** No Mine Existing Knowledge Will the project conduct a **literature** review and/or situation analysis to better understand the context, audiences, and the audiences' current behaviors, beliefs, and attitudes? Define Intent to Ensure Stakeholder Objectives are Clear and Aligned Does the project have an **intent** statement that clearly presents the current state, desired future state, key audiences, objectives, and a draft theory of change? Are all stakeholders aligned around a set of shared objectives or a problem they would like to solve? (Stakeholders may choose to narrow their focus based on demographic characteristics or behavioral segments.)





	Yes	Partial	No	Comments
Deepen Understanding and Building Em	pathy U	sing Vario	ous Res	earch Tools and Techniques
Will the project conduct formative research to generate new knowledge of the context, audiences, and existing services, or programs to generate a deep understanding of the problem (structural, social, institutional, behavioral, cognitive, and emotional)?				
Do formative research activities include an assessment of key marginalized and/or other populations such as youth?				
Uncover Insights that will Inform Progra	т Орро	rtunities		
Will the project analyze new research findings in conjunction with the existing knowledge to generate potential levers for change and avenues for solutions or "insights" around which programs will be designed?				
Will the project meaningfully partner with communities to assess community needs and priorities and validate insights generated with local community, district, and national stakeholders?				
Apply the Socio-Ecological Model to Guide Solution Design				
Will the project examine the socio- ecological context in which the individual or community is situated, including the family, the community, the natural environment, the cultural context, the health and development system, and the political and policy environment?				

## PHASE 2: DESIGN AND TEST POTENTIAL SOLUTION CONCEPTS Grounded in deeper understanding, this phase informs how practitioners will address social and behavior change (SBC) by involving community members in the solution ideation process. We iteratively develop and test ideas and concepts within the context in which they will be applied to reach optimal outcomes. Mark "yes," "partial," or "no" below to indicate whether the best practice has been followed. Use the "comments" section to verify the response or to suggest adjustments **Partial** No **Comments** Yes Imagine a New Future, Informed by Insights, Deeper Understanding, and Identified Opportunities Will the project leverage the expertise of local stakeholders, representatives from the target audience, and inter disciplinary professionals (e.g., designers, health experts, development specialists) to generate and prioritize program concepts and ideas? Refine Initial Ideas into Prioritized Concepts Will the project then refine initial ideas into a set of prioritized concepts based on a set of criteria such as innovation, desirability, impact, feasibility, and scalability? Iterate Low-fidelity Prototypes of the Most Promising Ideas to Get Rapid Feedback Will the project iterate and refine low fidelity prototypes (e.g., storyboards, role plays, diagrams, or models) to get feedback from the target audience early on? Test Prototypes with Audiences in the Context in Which They Would Be Used Will the project **test rough prototype** mockups with communities or target audiences, then rapidly iterate and co create with audiences to further refine them?

PHASE 3: APPLY SUCCESSFUL PROTOTYPES AS ACTIVITIES OR INTERVENTIONS						
Once programs synthesize testing feedback into a prioritized suite of solutions, this phase marks progressive implementation of these solutions. We use real-time monitoring and evaluation to assess success and make necessary tweaks and adjustments as we scale solutions over time.						
	Mark "yes," "partial," or "no" below to indicate whether the best practice has been followed. Use the "comments" section to verify the response or to suggest adjustments					
	Yes	Partial	No	Comments		
Preparing Stakeholders to Roll-Out the Successful Prototypes and Achieve the Change Objectives						
Will the project <b>involve stakeholders</b> in deciding how to introduce the prototypes, monitor the effects, and plan to scale up?						
Implementing and Monitoring Our Best	Solution	ns in the F	Real-Wo	orld Setting		
Will the project have <b>real-time monitoring</b> to determine if the interventions are being delivered as planned and achieving intended results?						
Will the project leverage local or community health management teams to support real time monitoring?						
Evaluating if the Solutions are Delivering Results and Achieving the Desired Social and Behavior Change Outcomes						
Will the project <b>evaluate</b> whether, for whom, and at what level the solution is delivering results according to the theory of change and associated indicators?						
Will the project <b>improve and refine</b> the design processes, materials, or overall strategies and activities based on evaluation results?						
Adapting the Solution Concepts to Achieve Impact at Scale						
Does the project have a plan achieving impact at scale? Does this plan include additional examination of cultural and social contexts?						

ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS TO CONSIDER				
	Mark "yes," "partial," or "no" below to indicate whether the best practice has been followed. Use the "comments" section to verify the response or to suggest adjustments			
	Yes	Partial	No	Comments
Does the project include developing or revising an <b>evidence-based</b> SBC strategy to guide the design and implementation of SBC interventions?				
Do the planned activities reflect clear audience segmentation into distinct subgroups?				
Does audience segmentation go beyond demographics such as age, location, and sex to include other psychographic variables such as attitudes, values, personalities, lifestyles, and communication preferences?				
Do the planned activities address the appropriate primary audiences for family planning (FP) uptake given the program landscape, available evidence, and opportunity for impact on contraceptive use?				
Do the planned activities reach populations/communities with the greatest need in ways that reduce the economic, gender, social, cultural, and geographic barriers that impede their access to FP?				
Do activities for youth audiences carefully consider age, religion, education, communication preferences, and other differences so that not all youth are treated the same way?				

	Yes	Partial	No	Comments
Does the plan include an SBC capacity building assessment and implementation plan?				
Are interventions designed to achieve multiple contacts with intended audiences through mutually reinforcing channels (e.g., mass media, health services, community-based outreach, interpersonal networks, and other working in concert to deliver the same messages)?				
Do the SBC interventions address both individual FP behavior change and social and cultural norm change needs identified during formative research?				
Are SBC activities strategically linked to the provision of FP services and products that are accessible, appropriate, available, and acceptable (e.g., ensuring services or products being promoted are available to the audiences to which they are being promoted)?				
Are interventions of <b>sufficient duration</b> to change FP behavior(s) or see improvements in knowledge and attitudes?				
Does the project include a message harmonization exercise to ensure interventions use consistent messaging across channels?				
Does the project include opportunities for the intended audiences and representatives of key stakeholder groups to participate in intervention design and implementation?				

	Yes	Partial	No	Comments
Are interventions reflective of audience participation and perspectives?				
Are quality assurance approaches planned regularly to ensure interventions are carried out as planned?				
Does the project include documenting and sharing implementation details, results, and lessons learned to enable replication and scale up of successful interventions?				

## Resources

This section includes resources that may be helpful in designing, evaluating, and advocating for FP SBC strategies and interventions. The majority of resources have been designed explicitly for FP; those that were not are still highly relevant for developing, implementing, and evaluating FP SBC interventions.

### General

#### **SBC Flow Chart**

Breakthrough ACTION. The SBC Flow Chart is a new process used to develop effective SBC activities.

#### Circle of Care Model

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative. The Circle of Care is a holistic model that shows how SBC can be applied across the service continuum—before, during, and after services—to improve health outcomes.

### Advocacy Resources

#### Advocating for Social and Behavior Change in Family Planning Programs: A Message Framework

Breakthrough ACTION. This framework is for SBC practitioners who wish to advocate with influential organizations, coordinating bodies, and individuals to increase support for SBC in FP and reproductive health. The framework provides guidance on messages to use with stakeholders who may be unaware or skeptical of the benefits of SBC in the FP/RH arena or have limitations in their ability to include SBC in their portfolio. This resource provides concrete talking points including evidence of SBC impact on FP/RH outcomes to make the case for investment in SBC.

#### **SBC Advocacy Animations and Briefs**

Breakthrough ACTION. Two short animations and accompanying briefs with compelling examples showing that investment in SBC is critical to meeting global- and country-level family planning goals.

#### **Essential Elements for Costed Implementation Plans**

Breakthrough ACTION. This planning tool is intended to help governments, donors, and implementing partner teams ensure best practices in SBC are strategically integrated into—and appropriately budgeted for—in their FP Costed Implementation Plans.

#### Accelerating Progress in Family Planning: The Impact of SBC (video)

Breakthrough ACTION. A brief introduction to the impact and importance of social and behavior change (SBC) programming.

#### Nigeria Family Planning: NURHI Ideation Video (video)

Johns Hopkins Center for Communication Programs.

### **Evidence Resources**

#### A Review of Behavioral Economics in Reproductive Health

Center for Effective Global Action. This paper summarizes existing evidence from the field and presents a framework for applying behavioral economics to reproductive outcomes.

#### Family Planning Evidence Package

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative. The evidence package consists of a searchable online article database, fact sheets, and infographics showcasing the power of SBCC in motivating and establishing healthy FP behaviors.

#### **Behavior Change Impact Website**

Breakthrough ACTION. An online collection of databases that support evidence-based SBC in family planning, HIV, and malaria. The databases extract intervention details, research methodologies, and results from hundreds of peer-reviewed articles to support program designers to understand what SBC approaches have worked and considers how programs might be adapted to their context. These databases, as well as accompanying reports, briefs, factsheets, and infographics provide program planners, implementers, and policymakers with the evidence they need to make the case for the value of SBC and to strengthen the impact of their SBC efforts.

#### **Costing and Economic Evaluation**

Breakthrough RESEARCH. Evidence on the costs and impact of SBC interventions to make the case that investing in SBC is crucial for improving health and advancing development.

### **Knowledge Sharing Platforms**

#### Compass

Breakthrough ACTION. An online database of how-to resources, implementation kits, program examples, and tools related to SBC. The collection is curated, presenting resources that have been designed using a strategic process and have demonstrated success.

#### Springboard

Breakthrough ACTION. An online forum that offers a place for professionals to share SBC knowledge, experiences, and resources. Springboard supports and nurtures regional communities of health communication practitioners, scholars and policymakers. Members can share and tap into existing expertise and resources, develop their own capacity, and discover or contribute innovative solutions.

## **High Impact Practices**

Social and Behavior Change High Impact Practices

Community Group Engagement: Changing Norms to Improve Sexual and Reproductive Health

Digital Health for Social and Behavior Change: New technologies, new ways to reach people

Mass Media: Reaching audiences far and wide with messages to support healthy reproductive behaviors

### **Design Resources**

#### Brains, Behavior & Design Toolkit

Brains, Behavior and Design. The Toolkit features five tools to help designers apply findings from the field of behavioral economics to their practice in order to provide a head start on framing research as well as developing new strategies for solving user problems.

### Designing a Social and Behavior Change Communication Strategy

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative. This Implementation Kit provides guidance on how to develop an SBCC strategy.

SBC How-to Guides

#### Advanced Audience Segmentation for Social and Behavior Change

Breakthrough ACTION.

#### **How to Conduct a Pretest**

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative.

#### How to Conduct a Stakeholder Workshop

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative.

#### How to Develop a Channel Mix Plan

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative.

#### How to Develop a Communication Strategy

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative.

#### How to Develop a Logic Model

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative.

#### How to Develop SBCC Creative Materials

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative.

### How to Do an Audience Analysis

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative.

### Implementation Resources

Implementation principles for social, behavioral and community engagement interventions in <u>an</u> <u>evidence map of social, behavioral, and community engagement interventions for reproductive, maternal, newborn and child health.</u>

World Health Organization and International Initiative for Impact Evaluation.

#### Implementation Kits

#### Gender and Social and Behavior Change Communication

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative. This implementation kit is designed to help users understand gender concepts, theories, and frameworks; assess the current level of gender integration in a project; and use a series of tools to uncover new information that can be applied to an existing SBCC strategy or marketing plan.

#### **Integrated SBCC Programs**

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative. This implementation kit provides guidance to programs seeking to develop an integrated SBCC strategy.

#### Integrating SBCC into Service Delivery Programs

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative. This implementation kit aims to help service delivery project managers effectively use service communication to enhance the impact of their project.

#### **Service Communication**

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative. This implementation kit aims to help service delivery project managers effectively use service communication to enhance the impact of their project. It can be used to help increase demand for and uptake of services and improve consistent long-term maintenance of healthy behaviors.

### Research, Monitoring, and Evaluation Resources

#### Social and Behavior Change Indicator Bank for Family Planning and Service Delivery

Breakthrough ACTION. The FP indicator bank is a collection of sample indicators specifically for use in SBC programs.

#### Family Planning Social and Behavioral Change Communication: Key Indicators

MEASURE Evaluation. This resource outlines seven key SBCC indicators that are intended to inform the monitoring and evaluation of FP programs supporting social and FP behavior change activities.

SBC How-to Guides

#### How to Conduct Qualitative Formative Research

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative.

#### How to Develop a Monitoring and Evaluation Plan

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative.

## Quality Assurance and Capacity Strengthening Resources

#### SBCC Check-In: Quality Standards for SBCC

Health Communication Capacity Collaborative. The checklist is a performance improvement tool and tracker designed specifically for the strategic communication process. It provides performance standards that quality improvement teams and committees can use for routine quality assurance and social and FP behavior communication improvement action planning.

### **SBCC Capacity Assessment Tool**

C-Change. This tool is used to assess and measure the quality of SBCC programs. It identifies the strengths and weaknesses of programs in five areas: 1) situation analysis, 2) strategy development, 3) materials development, 4) implementation, and 5) monitoring and evaluation.